

# Package ‘parallelPlot’

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**Title** 'Htmlwidget' for a Parallel Coordinates Plot

**Version** 0.1.0

**Description** Create a parallel coordinates plot, using 'htmlwidgets' package and 'd3.js'.

**URL** <https://gitlab.com/drti/parallelplot>

**BugReports** <https://gitlab.com/drti/parallelplot/-/issues>

**Depends** R (>= 3.5.0)

**License** MIT + file LICENSE

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**RoxygenNote** 7.1.1

**Imports** htmlwidgets

**Suggests** testthat, shiny, knitr, rmarkdown

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**NeedsCompilation** no

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## R topics documented:

changeRow . . . . .	2
getValue . . . . .	3
parallelPlot . . . . .	4
parallelPlot-shiny . . . . .	6
setCategoricalColorScale . . . . .	7

setContinuousColorScale . . . . .	8
setCutoffs . . . . .	9
setHistoVisibility . . . . .	10
setKeptColumns . . . . .	11

<b>Index</b>	<b>13</b>
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changeRow	<i>Row edition</i>
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## Description

Asks to change a row.

## Usage

```
changeRow(id, rowIndex, newValues)
```

## Arguments

id	output variable to read from (id which references the requested plot)
rowIndex	index of the changed row.
newValues	list of new values to attribute to the row (list associating a value to a column identifier).

## Value

No return value, called from shiny applications for side effects.

## Examples

```
if(interactive()) {
  library(shiny)
  library(parallelPlot)

  ui <- fluidPage(
    sliderInput("rowValueSlider", "Value for 'Sepal.Length' of first row:",
               min = 4, max = 8, step = 0.1, value = iris[["Sepal.Length"]][1]),
    p("The slider controls the new value to assign to the 'Sepal.Length' of the first row"),
    parallelPlotOutput("parPlot")
  )

  server <- function(input, output, session) {
    output$parPlot <- renderParallelPlot({
      parallelPlot(iris)
    })
    observeEvent(input$rowValueSlider, {
      newValues <- iris[1,]
      newValues[["Sepal.Length"]] <- input$rowValueSlider
    })
  }
}
```

```

        parallelPlot::changeRow("parPlot", 1, newValues)
      })
    }
  shinyApp(ui, server)
}

```

---

 getValue

*Plot attributes*


---

## Description

Asks to retrieve the value of an attribute.

## Usage

```
getValue(id, attrType, valueInputId)
```

## Arguments

id                    output variable to read from (id which references the requested plot)  
 attrType            which value is requested.  
 valueInputId        reactive input to write to.

## Details

Available attributes are 'Cutoffs', 'SelectedTraces' and 'ReferenceColumn'. Result will be sent through a reactive input.

## Value

No return value, called from shiny applications for side effects.

## Examples

```

if(interactive()) {
  library(shiny)
  library(parallelPlot)

  ui <- fluidPage(
    actionButton("getSelectedTracesAction", "Retrieve Selected Traces"),
    p("The button displays the list of uncutted rows (use brush to reduce it)"),
    parallelPlotOutput("parPlot")
  )

  server <- function(input, output, session) {
    output$parPlot <- renderParallelPlot({
      parallelPlot(iris)
    })
  }
}

```

```
    })
    observeEvent(input$getSelectedTracesAction, {
      attributeType <- "SelectedTraces"
      parallelPlot::getValue("parPlot", attributeType, "MySelectedTraces")
    })
    observeEvent(input$MySelectedTraces, {
      showModal(modalDialog(
        title = "Selected Traces",
        toString(input$MySelectedTraces)
      ))
    })
  }

  shinyApp(ui, server)
}
```

---

parallelPlot

*htmlwidget for d3.js parallel coordinate plot*

---

## Description

htmlwidget for d3.js parallel coordinate plot

## Usage

```
parallelPlot(
  data,
  categorical = NULL,
  inputColumns = NULL,
  keptColumns = NULL,
  histoVisibility = NULL,
  cutoffs = NULL,
  refRowIndex = NULL,
  refColumnDim = NULL,
  rotateTitle = FALSE,
  columnLabels = NULL,
  continuousCS = "Blues",
  categoricalCS = "Category10",
  eventInputId = NULL,
  editionMode = "EditionOff",
  width = NULL,
  height = NULL,
  elementId = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>data</code>	data.frame with data to use in the chart.
<code>categorical</code>	List of list (one for each data column) containing the name of available categories, or NULL if column corresponds to continuous data; NULL is allowed, meaning all columns are continuous.
<code>inputColumns</code>	List of boolean (one for each data column), TRUE for an input column, FALSE for an output column; NULL is allowed, meaning all columns are inputs.
<code>keptColumns</code>	List of boolean (one for each data column), FALSE if column has to be ignored; NULL is allowed, meaning all columns are available.
<code>histoVisibility</code>	List of boolean (one for each data column), TRUE if an histogram must be displayed; NULL is allowed, meaning no histogram must be displayed.
<code>cutoffs</code>	List of list (one for each data column) of list (one for each cutoff) containing two values (min and max values defining the cutoff) or NULL if there is no cutoff to apply; NULL is allowed, meaning all columns are without cutoff.
<code>refRowIndex</code>	Index of the sample row which has to appear horizontal; NULL is allowed, meaning there is no row to use as reference.
<code>refColumnDim</code>	Name of the reference column (used to determine the color to attribute to a row); NULL is allowed, meaning there is no coloring to apply.
<code>rotateTitle</code>	TRUE if column title must be rotated.
<code>columnLabels</code>	List of string (one for each data column) to display in place of column name found in data, or NULL if there is no alternative name; NULL is allowed, meaning all columns are without alternative name; <code>&lt;br&gt;</code> can be used to insert line breaks.
<code>continuousCS</code>	Name of the color Scale to use for continuous data (supported names: Blues, RdBu, YlGnBu, YlOrRd, Reds; default value is Blues).
<code>categoricalCS</code>	Name of the color Scale to use for categorical data (supported names: Category10, Accent, Dark2, Paired; default value is Category10).
<code>eventInputId</code>	When plot event occurred, reactive input to write to; NULL is allowed, default value is 'plotEvent'.
<code>editionMode</code>	Supported edition modes: EditionOff, EditionOnDrag, EditionOnDragEnd; default value is EditionOff.
<code>width</code>	Integer in pixels defining the width of the widget.
<code>height</code>	Integer in pixels defining the height of the widget.
<code>elementId</code>	Unique CSS selector id for the widget.

**Value**

An object of class `htmlwidget` that will intelligently print itself into HTML in a variety of contexts including the R console, within R Markdown documents, and within Shiny output bindings.

**Examples**

```

if(interactive()) {
  library(parallelPlot)

  categorical <- list(NULL, c(4, 6, 8), NULL, NULL, NULL, NULL, NULL, c(0, 1), c(0, 1), 3:5, 1:8)
  parallelPlot(mtcars, categorical = categorical, refColumnDim = "cyl")
  # 'cyl' and four last columns have a box representation for its categories

  histoVisibility <- rep(TRUE, ncol(iris))
  parallelPlot(iris, histoVisibility = histoVisibility)
  # An histogram is displayed for each column

  histoVisibility <- rep(TRUE, ncol(iris))
  cutoffs <- list(list(c(6, 7)), NULL, NULL, NULL, c("virginica", "setosa"))
  parallelPlot(iris, histoVisibility = histoVisibility, cutoffs = cutoffs)
  # Cut traces are greyed; an histogram is displayed considering only kept traces

  parallelPlot(iris, refRowIndex = 1)
  # Axes are shifted vertically in such a way that first trace of the dataset looks horizontal

  columnLabels <- gsub("\\.", "<br>", colnames(iris))
  parallelPlot(iris, refColumnDim = "Species", columnLabels = columnLabels)
  # Given names are displayed in place of dataset column names; <br> is used to insert line breaks
}

```

---

parallelPlot-shiny      *Shiny bindings for parallelPlot*

---

**Description**

Output and render functions for using parallelPlot within Shiny applications and interactive Rmd documents.

**Usage**

```
parallelPlotOutput(outputId, width = "100%", height = "600px")
```

```
renderParallelPlot(expr, env = parent.frame(), quoted = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

outputId	output variable to read from
width, height	Must be a valid CSS unit (like '100%', '400px', 'auto') or a number, which will be coerced to a string and have 'px' appended.
expr	An expression that generates a parallelPlot
env	The environment in which to evaluate expr.
quoted	Is expr a quoted expression (with quote())? This is useful if you want to save an expression in a variable.

**Value**

An output or render function that enables the use of the widget within Shiny applications.

---

setCategoricalColorScale  
*Traces colors*

---

**Description**

Tells which color scale to use when reference column is of type categorical.

**Usage**

```
setCategoricalColorScale(id, categoricalCsId)
```

**Arguments**

`id` output variable to read from (id which references the requested plot)  
`categoricalCsId` one of the available color scale ids

**Details**

If a column is defined as the reference (for example by clicking on its header), a color scale is associated to this column. Available color scale ids are: 'Category10', 'Accent', 'Dark2', 'Paired', 'Set1'.

**Value**

No return value, called from shiny applications for side effects.

**Examples**

```
if(interactive()) {  
  library(shiny)  
  library(parallelPlot)  
  
  ui <- fluidPage(  
    selectInput("categoricalCsSelect", "Categorical Color Scale:",  
      choices = list("Category10" = "Category10", "Accent" = "Accent", "Dark2" = "Dark2",  
        "Paired" = "Paired", "Set1" = "Set1"), selected = "Category10"),  
    p("The selector controls the colors used when reference column is of type categorical"),  
    parallelPlotOutput("parPlot")  
  )  
  
  server <- function(input, output, session) {  
    output$parPlot <- renderParallelPlot({  
      parallelPlot(data = iris, refColumnDim = "Species")  
    })  
  }  
}
```

```

    })
    observeEvent(input$categoricalCsSelect, {
      parallelPlot::setCategoricalColorScale("parPlot", input$categoricalCsSelect)
    })
  }

  shinyApp(ui, server)
}

```

---

setContinuousColorScale

*Traces colors*

---

### Description

Tells which color scale to use when reference column is of type continuous.

### Usage

```
setContinuousColorScale(id, continuousCsId)
```

### Arguments

`id` output variable to read from (id which references the requested plot)  
`continuousCsId` one of the available color scale ids

### Details

If a column is defined as the reference (for example by clicking on its header), a color scale is associated to this column. Available color scale ids are: 'Blues', 'RdBu', 'YlGnBu', 'YlOrRd', 'Reds'.

### Value

No return value, called from shiny applications for side effects.

### Examples

```

if(interactive()) {
  library(shiny)
  library(parallelPlot)

  ui <- fluidPage(
    selectInput("continuousCsSelect", "Continuous Color Scale:",
      choices = list("Blues" = "Blues", "RdBu" = "RdBu", "YlGnBu" = "YlGnBu",
        "YlOrRd" = "YlOrRd", "Reds" = "Reds"), selected = "Blues"),
    p("The selector controls the colors used when reference column is of type continuous"),
    parallelPlotOutput("parPlot")
  )
}

```



```

)

server <- function(input, output, session) {
  output$parPlot <- renderParallelPlot({
    parallelPlot(iris, refColumnDim = "Sepal.Length")
  })
  observeEvent(input$continuousCsSelect, {
    parallelPlot::setContinuousColorScale("parPlot", input$continuousCsSelect)
  })
}

shinyApp(ui, server)
}

```

---

setCutoffs

*Cutoffs values*


---

### Description

Tells which cutoffs to use for each column.

### Usage

```
setCutoffs(id, cutoffs)
```

### Arguments

id	output variable to read from (id which references the requested plot)
cutoffs	Vector of list (one for each data column) of vector (one for each cutoff) containing two values for continuous input (min and max value defining the cutoff), or one value for categorical input (name of the category to keep), or NULL if there is no cutoff to apply; NULL is allowed, meaning all columns are without cutoff. A named list can also be provided to only indicate which columns must be assigned to a new cutoff.

### Details

It's possible to filter some traces by defining cutoffs to apply to columns.

### Value

No return value, called from shiny applications for side effects.

**Examples**

```

if(interactive()) {
  library(shiny)
  library(parallelPlot)

  ui <- fluidPage(
    sliderInput("brushSlider", "Brush for 'Sepal.Length' column:",
      min = 4, max = 8, step = 0.1, value = c(4, 8)),
    p("The slider controls the rows which are kept by cutoff (others are greyed)",
      parallelPlotOutput("parPlot"))
  )

  server <- function(input, output, session) {
    output$parPlot <- renderParallelPlot({
      parallelPlot(iris)
    })
    observeEvent(input$brushSlider, {
      cutoffs <- list()
      cutoffs["Sepal.Length"] <- list(list(input$brushSlider))
      parallelPlot::setCutoffs("parPlot", cutoffs)
    })
  }

  shinyApp(ui, server)
}

```

---

setHistoVisibility      *Histograms visibility*

---

**Description**

Tells which columns have to be displayed with histograms.

**Usage**

```
setHistoVisibility(id, histoVisibility)
```

**Arguments**

**id**                    output variable to read from (id which references the requested plot)

**histoVisibility**      Vector of boolean (one for each data column), TRUE if an histogram must be displayed; NULL is allowed, meaning no histogram must be displayed. A named list can also be provided to only indicate which columns must be assigned to a new display.

**Value**

No return value, called from shiny applications for side effects.

**Examples**

```

if(interactive()) {
  library(shiny)
  library(parallelPlot)

  ui <- fluidPage(
    checkboxInput("histCB", "Histogram Visibility", FALSE),
    p("The check box controls the visibility of histograms"),
    parallelPlotOutput("parPlot")
  )

  server <- function(input, output, session) {
    output$parPlot <- renderParallelPlot({
      parallelPlot(iris)
    })
    observeEvent(input$histCB, {
      histoVisibility <- rep(input$histCB, ncol(iris))
      parallelPlot::setHistoVisibility("parPlot", histoVisibility)
    })
  }

  shinyApp(ui, server)
}

```

---

setKeptColumns

*Column visibility*


---

**Description**

Tells which columns have to be visible.

**Usage**

```
setKeptColumns(id, keptColumns)
```

**Arguments**

id	output variable to read from (id which references the requested plot)
keptColumns	Vector of boolean (one for each data column), FALSE if column has to be hidden. A named list can also be provided to only indicate which columns must be assigned to a new visibility.

**Value**

No return value, called from shiny applications for side effects.

**Examples**

```
if(interactive()) {
  library(shiny)
  library(parallelPlot)

  ui <- fluidPage(
    checkboxInput("hideColumnsCB", "Hide last columns", FALSE),
    p("The check box controls the visibility of the two last columns"),
    parallelPlotOutput("parPlot")
  )

  server <- function(input, output, session) {
    output$parPlot <- renderParallelPlot({
      parallelPlot(mtcars)
    })
    observeEvent(input$hideColumnsCB, {
      keptColumns <- sapply(1:ncol(mtcars), function(i) {
        return(iffelse(input$hideColumnsCB, ncol(mtcars) - i >= 2, TRUE))
      })
      parallelPlot::setKeptColumns("parPlot", keptColumns)
    })
  }

  shinyApp(ui, server)
}
```

# Index

`changeRow`, 2

`getValue`, 3

`parallelPlot`, 4

`parallelPlot-shiny`, 6

`parallelPlotOutput`

(`parallelPlot-shiny`), 6

`renderParallelPlot`

(`parallelPlot-shiny`), 6

`setCategoricalColorScale`, 7

`setContinuousColorScale`, 8

`setCutoffs`, 9

`setHistoVisibility`, 10

`setKeptColumns`, 11